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(Original Signature of Member)	

118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H.R.

To establish an international initiative to support the global deployment of civil nuclear technologies, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Donalds introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

## A BILL

To establish an international initiative to support the global deployment of civil nuclear technologies, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Avoid Our Adversaries
- 5 and Buy American Nuclear Act".

1	SEC. 2. INTERNATIONAL CIVIL NUCLEAR PROGRAM SUP-
2	PORT.
3	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
4	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in
5	coordination with the Secretary, shall launch an inter-
6	national initiative (referred to in this section as the "ini-
7	tiative") to provide financial assistance to, and facilitate
8	the building of technical capacities by, in accordance with
9	this section, embarking civil nuclear nations for activities
10	relating to the development of civil nuclear energy pro-
11	grams.
12	(b) Financial Assistance.—
13	(1) In general.—In carrying out the initia-
14	tive, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the
15	Secretary, may award grants of financial assistance
16	to embarking civil nuclear nations in accordance
17	with this subsection—
18	(A) for activities relating to the develop-
19	ment of civil nuclear energy programs; and
20	(B) to facilitate the building of technical
21	capacities for those activities.
22	(2) Amount.—The amount of a grant of finan-
23	cial assistance under paragraph (1) shall be not
24	more than \$5,500,000.
25	(3) Limitations.—The Secretary of State, in
26	coordination with the Secretary, may award—

1	(A) not more than 1 grant of financial as-
2	sistance under paragraph (1) to any 1 embark-
3	ing civil nuclear nation each fiscal year; and
4	(B) not more than a total of 5 grants of
5	financial assistance under paragraph (1) to any
6	1 embarking civil nuclear nation.
7	(c) Senior Advisors.—
8	(1) In general.—In carrying out the initia-
9	tive, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the
10	Secretary, may provide financial assistance to an
11	embarking civil nuclear nation for the purpose of
12	contracting with a U.S. nuclear energy company to
13	hire 1 or more senior advisors to assist the embark-
14	ing civil nuclear nation in establishing a civil nuclear
15	program.
16	(2) Requirement.—A senior advisor described
17	in paragraph (1) shall have relevant experience and
18	qualifications to advise the embarking civil nuclear
19	nation on, and facilitate on behalf of the embarking
20	civil nuclear nation, 1 or more of the following ac-
21	tivities:
22	(A) The development of financing relation-
23	ships.

1	(B) The development of a standardized fi-
2	nancing and project management framework for
3	the construction of nuclear power plants.
4	(C) The development of a standardized li-
5	censing framework for—
6	(i) light water civil nuclear tech-
7	nologies; and
8	(ii) non-light water civil nuclear tech-
9	nologies and advanced nuclear reactors.
10	(D) The identification of qualified organi-
11	zations and service providers.
12	(E) The identification of funds to support
13	payment for services required to develop a civil
14	nuclear program.
15	(F) Market analysis.
16	(G) The identification of the safety, secu-
17	rity, safeguards, and nuclear governance re-
18	quired for a civil nuclear program.
19	(H) Risk allocation, risk management, and
20	nuclear liability.
21	(I) Technical assessments of nuclear reac-
22	tors and technologies.
23	(J) The identification of actions necessary
24	to participate in a global nuclear liability re-
25	gime based on the Convention on Supple-

1	mentary Compensation for Nuclear Damage,
2	with Annex, done at Vienna September 12,
3	1997 (TIAS 15–415).
4	(K) Stakeholder engagement.
5	(L) Management of spent nuclear fuel and
6	nuclear waste.
7	(M) Any other major activities to support
8	the establishment of a civil nuclear program,
9	such as the establishment of export, financing,
10	construction, training, operations, and edu-
11	cation requirements.
12	(3) Clarification.—Financial assistance
13	under this subsection may be provided to an em-
14	barking civil nuclear nation in addition to any finan-
15	cial assistance provided to that embarking civil nu-
16	clear nation under subsection (b).
17	(d) Limitation on Assistance to Embarking
18	CIVIL NUCLEAR NATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after
19	the date of enactment of this Act, the Offices of the In-
20	spectors General for the Department of State and the De-
21	partment of Energy shall coordinate—
22	(1) to establish and submit to the appropriate
23	committees of Congress a joint strategic plan to con-
24	duct comprehensive oversight of activities authorized

1	under this section to prevent fraud, waste, and
2	abuse; and
3	(2) to engage in independent and effective over-
4	sight of activities authorized under this section
5	through joint or individual audits, inspections, inves-
6	tigations, or evaluations.
7	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
8	(1) ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR.—The term
9	"advanced nuclear reactor" means—
10	(A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a
11	prototype plant (as defined in sections 50.2 and
12	52.1 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations
13	(or successor regulations)), with significant im-
14	provements compared to reactors operating on
15	October 19, 2016, including improvements such
16	as—
17	(i) additional inherent safety features;
18	(ii) lower waste yields;
19	(iii) improved fuel and material per-
20	formance;
21	(iv) increased tolerance to loss of fuel
22	cooling;
23	(v) enhanced reliability or improved
24	resilience;
25	(vi) increased proliferation resistance;

1	(vii) increased thermal efficiency;
2	(viii) reduced consumption of cooling
3	water and other environmental impacts;
4	(ix) the ability to integrate into elec-
5	tric applications and nonelectric applica-
6	tions;
7	(x) modular sizes to allow for deploy-
8	ment that corresponds with the demand
9	for electricity or process heat; and
10	(xi) operational flexibility to respond
11	to changes in demand for electricity or
12	process heat and to complement integra-
13	tion with intermittent renewable energy or
14	energy storage;
15	(B) a fusion reactor; and
16	(C) a radioisotope power system that uti-
17	lizes heat from radioactive decay to generate
18	energy.
19	(2) CIVIL NUCLEAR.—The term "civil nuclear"
20	means activities relating to—
21	(A) nuclear plant construction;
22	(B) nuclear fuel services;
23	(C) nuclear energy financing;
24	(D) nuclear plant operations;
25	(E) nuclear plant regulation;

1	(F) nuclear medicine;
2	(G) nuclear safety;
3	(H) community engagement in areas in
4	reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
5	(I) infrastructure support for nuclear en-
6	ergy;
7	(J) nuclear plant decommissioning;
8	(K) nuclear liability;
9	(L) safe storage and safe disposal of spent
10	nuclear fuel;
11	(M) environmental safeguards;
12	(N) nuclear nonproliferation and security;
13	and
14	(O) technology related to the matters de-
15	scribed in subparagraphs (A) through (N).
16	(3) Embarking civil nuclear nation.—
17	(A) In General.—The term "embarking
18	civil nuclear nation" means a country that—
19	(i) does not have a civil nuclear en-
20	ergy program;
21	(ii) is in the process of developing or
22	expanding a civil nuclear energy program,
23	including safeguards and a legal and regu-
24	latory framework, for—
25	(I) nuclear safety;

1	(II) nuclear security;
2	(III) radioactive waste manage-
3	ment;
4	(IV) civil nuclear energy;
5	(V) environmental safeguards;
6	(VI) community engagement in
7	areas in reasonable proximity to nu-
8	clear sites;
9	(VII) nuclear liability; or
10	(VIII) advanced nuclear reactor
11	licensing;
12	(iii) is in the process of selecting, de-
13	veloping, constructing, or utilizing ad-
14	vanced light water reactors, advanced nu-
15	clear reactors, or advanced civil nuclear
16	technologies; or
17	(iv) had an annual per capita gross
18	domestic product of not more than
19	\$28,000 in 2020.
20	(B) Exclusions.—The term "embarking
21	civil nuclear nation" does not include—
22	(i) the People's Republic of China;
23	(ii) the Russian Federation;
24	(iii) the Republic of Belarus;
25	(iv) the Islamic Republic of Iran;

1	(v) the Democratic People's Republic
2	of Korea;
3	(vi) the Republic of Cuba;
4	(vii) the Bolivarian Republic of Ven-
5	ezuela;
6	(viii) the Syrian Arab Republic;
7	(ix) Burma; or
8	(x) any other country—
9	(I) the property or interests in
10	property of the government of which
11	are blocked pursuant to the Inter-
12	national Emergency Economic Powers
13	Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.); or
14	(II) the government of which the
15	Secretary of State has determined has
16	repeatedly provided support for acts
17	of international terrorism for purposes
18	of—
19	(aa) section 620A(a) of the
20	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
21	(22 U.S.C. 2371(a));
22	(bb) section 40(d) of the
23	Arms Export Control Act (22
24	U.S.C. 2780(d));

1	(cc) section $1754(c)(1)(A)(i)$
2	of the Export Control Reform
3	Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C.
4	4813(e)(1)(A)(i)); or
5	(dd) any other relevant pro-
6	vision of law.
7	(4) SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.—The term "spent
8	nuclear fuel" has the meaning given the term in sec-
9	tion 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of $1982$ ( $42$
10	U.S.C. 10101).
11	(5) U.S. NUCLEAR ENERGY COMPANY.—The
12	term "U.S. nuclear energy company" means a com-
13	pany that—
14	(A) is organized under the laws of, or oth-
15	erwise subject to the jurisdiction of, the United
16	States; and
17	(B) is involved in the nuclear energy indus-
18	try.